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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 10/785,042 02/25/2004 Johannes Hebebrand 029300.49991D2 EXAMINER 04/21/2006 23911 7590 CROWELL & MORING LLP GITOMER, RALPH J INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY GROUP ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER P.O. BOX 14300 WASHINGTON, DC 20044-4300 1655

DATE MAILED: 04/21/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Ap	plication No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		, 10)/785,042	HEBEBRAND ET	HEBEBRAND ET AL.	
		Ex	aminer	Art Unit		
		Ra	lph Gitomer	1655		
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communior Reply	nication appears	on the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	ddress	
WHIC - External control contro	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Mensions of time may be available under the provision of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come of period for reply is specified above, the maximum is ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). munication. tatutory period will app y will, by statute, cause	OF THIS COMMUN In no event, however, may oly and will expire SIX (6) Mile the application to become	NICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 March 2006.					
'=	•	2b) ☐ This action				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	closed in accordance with the pract	ice under Ex pa	arte Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or ele	ction requirement.			
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)[The specification is objected to by the	ne Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			•		
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
,	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
			•			
Attachmer	nt(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)			v Summary (PTO-413)		
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or			o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)	
	er No(s)/Mail Date	. 10/00/00/	6) Other: _		- ·- - ,	

The amendment received 3/13/06 has been entered and claims 1-6 are currently pending in this application. The amended title is acceptable. It is noted that priority is now added to the specification as is proper, however, the oath does not claim priority to the foreign application as is required.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

The claims are directed to administering a compound that inhibits de novo lipogenesis, does not possess anticonvulsant properties, and inhibits carboanhydrase. Methods to perform such assays are disclosed in the specification and were known in this art. However, no compounds are shown that have these activities, and no results of any assays or data is presented. The only compound discussed, topiramate, has anticonvulsant properties.

Applicant's arguments filed 3/13/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that topiramate is provided as an example only and is irrelevant to the patentability of the claims. The specification is enabling for the method of identifying compounds and then administering them to a patient.

It is the examiner's position that the claims are directed to a method of treating obesity by administering a compound but the specification does not teach any compound that meets all the limitations of the present claims.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over each of applicants admissions in the specification and Shank.

The specification as originally presented teaches on page 5, topiramate is known to have a multifactorial pharmacological spectrum of action including it acts as a carboanhydrase inhibitor and is suitable for the treatment of obesity.

Shank (WO 98/00130) entitled "Anticonvulsant Sulfamate Derivatives Useful in Treating Obesity" teaches in the claims, administering topiramate to treat obesity. On page 6 first paragraph, topiramate decreases metabolic efficiency.

The claims differ from the above references in that they are include steps to identify the compound for treating.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in this art at the time the invention was made employ topiramate to treat obesity because the specification teaches it was known to treat obesity with topiramate and it also is a carboanhydrase inhibitor. Shank teaches topiramate is known for treating obesity. The additional properties of topiramate are inherent in the compound and would necessarily occur when administering the drug for any function.

Applicant's arguments filed 3/13/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that Shank does not teach the presently claimed step of identifying compounds where de novo lipogenesis is tested.

It is the examiner's position that independent claim 1 includes the limitation that the compound inhibits de novo lipogenesis but includes no method steps to do so. And a compound which treats obesity would inherently inhibit lipogenesis in some fashion.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are directed to administering a compound where the compound is identified by a method. However, if one administered some compound for the claimed function, one would not then know how the compound was identified. Therefor one would not know the metes and bounds of the claims.

Applicant's arguments filed 3/13/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that the claims are readily understood.

It is the examiner's position that one cannot properly determine the metes and bounds of the claims as presented because if one administered any compound to treat obesity, one would not then necessarily know how it was identified.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ralph Gitomer whose telephone number is (571) 272-0916. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terry McKelvey can be reached on (571) 272-0775. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Ralph Gitomer Primary Examiner Art Unit 1655

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